```
: [Manganese and articles thereof,...]
                  : : :
         [Other: ]
           "Unwrought manganese:
                Flake containing at least 99.5 percent
8111.00.47:
                 . :::
             by weight of manganese
                : Free (A+,CA,D,E, : 20%
         IL,J,MX):
         (JO) :
8111.00.49:
                Other
             Free (A+,CA,E,IL,: 20%"
                                  :
        J,MX) :
                                       : 5.6% (JO)
```

#### Conforming change:

For HTS subheadings 8111.00.47 and 8111.00.49, on January 1 for each of the years listed below, the rate of duty followed by the symbol "JO" in parentheses in the Rates of Duty 1-Special subcolumn is deleted and the following rates of duty are inserted for such subheadings in lieu thereof in the year specified.

2004	2005
2 8%	Free

<u>Section C</u>. Effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the thirtieth day after the date of publication of this proclamation in the <u>Federal Register</u>, for HTS subheading 0811.20.20, the Rates of Duty 1-Special subcolumn is modified by deleting the symbol "A" and inserting an "A\*" in lieu thereof.

# Proclamation 7638 of January 13, 2003

# The Centennial of Korean Immigration to the United States

By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation

From every corner of the world, immigrants have come to America to discover the promise of our Nation. On January 13, 1903, the first Korean immigrants to the United States arrived in Honolulu, Hawaii, on the SS Gaelic. Today, Korean Americans live throughout the United States, representing one of our largest Asian-American populations. As we commemorate the centennial anniversary of Korean immigration to the United States, we recognize the invaluable contributions of Korean

## 117 STAT. 2984 PROCLAMATION 7639—JAN. 14, 2003

Americans to our Nation's rich cultural diversity, economic strength, and proud heritage.

For the past century, Korean immigrants and their descendants have helped build America's prosperity, strengthened America's communities, and defended America's freedoms. Through their service in World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, the Vietnam War, and other wars, Korean Americans have served our Nation with honor and courage, upholding the values that make our country strong.

The American and Korean people share a love of freedom and a dedication to peace. The United States was the first Western country to sign a treaty of commerce and amity with Korea in 1882, promising "perpetual peace and friendship" between our nations. Since that time, the United States has built a strong friendship with Korea—a friendship based on our common commitment to human dignity, prosperity, and democracy. In the coming months, more than 1 million Korean Americans throughout our Nation will celebrate the 100th anniversary of the arrival of the first Korean immigrants to the United States. During this time, we acknowledge and commend Korean Americans for their distinguished achievements in all sectors of life and for their important role in building, defending, and sustaining the United States of America.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE W. BUSH, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim January 13, 2003, as the Centennial of Korean Immigration to the United States. I call upon all Americans to observe the anniversary with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities honoring Korean immigrants and their descendants for their countless contributions to America.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord two thousand three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and twenty-seventh.

GEORGE W. BUSH

### Proclamation 7639 of January 14, 2003

#### National Sanctity of Human Life Day, 2003

By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation

Our Nation was built on a promise of life and liberty for all citizens. Guided by a deep respect for human dignity, our Founding Fathers worked to secure these rights for future generations, and today we continue to seek to fulfill their promise in our laws and our society. On National Sanctity of Human Life Day, we reaffirm the value of human life and renew our dedication to ensuring that every American has access to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

As we seek to improve quality of life, overcome illness, and promote vital medical research, my Administration will continue to honor our country's founding ideals of equal dignity and equal rights for every